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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/549,243	09/12/2005	Yoshikuni Sasaki	03045PCT	2418	
23165 ROBERT J JAC	90 06/26/2009 OBSON PA		EXAMINER		
650 BRIMHAL	L STREET SOUTH		ZIMMER, MARC S		
ST PAUL, MN 551161511			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1796		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/26/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application N	0.	Applicant(s)				
		10/549,243		SASAKI ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		MARC S. ZIM	MER	1796				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the co	ver sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu- reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS (1.136(a). In no event, h d will apply and will exp ute, cause the application	COMMUNICATION bowever, may a reply be time ire SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03</u>	June 2009						
•			ïnal					
3)	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
٥,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6</u> is/are pending in the application.							
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requi	rement.					
Applicati	ion Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
٠٠/	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice (3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) [5) [6) [Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal P Other:	nte				

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Kuramoto et al., JP 2003-82045 for the reasons outlined previously.

Clearly, the Examiner and Applicant are at odds as to how the teachings of paragraph [0054] are to be interpreted. In the Examiner's estimation, this passage states (i) that the free radical polymerization, which will include one or more of the monomer compounds of paragraph [0056], may be carried out during, or after, condensation (where condensation represents the mechanism by which the polysiloxane framework is assembled from the silane precursor), and (ii) that the "above-mentioned" polymerization process may be carried out in the presence of a surfactant.

It is important that the polymerization that produces polysiloxane formation, i.e. polycondensation, and the free radical-promoted polymerization be distinguished from

one another. Paragraph [0054] indicates that the latter may be carried out concomitantly with or, relevant to the present discussion, following polysiloxane formation. Moreover, when allusion to the surfactant is made, the Examiner believes that it is clearly in the context of performing the free radical polymerization as the polysiloxane forming process is referred to as "condensation" and the vinyl monomer reaction into an addition polymer as "polymerization". To reiterate, the free radical polymerization entails the co-reaction of the polysiloxane bearing unsaturated moieties and also the monomers outlined in paragraph [0056]. Insofar as the monomer compounds of paragraph [0056] are participants in the free radical polymerization and it is that polymerization that is apparently carried out in the presence of surfactant, than it follows that one of ordinary skill would emulsify the monomer before adding it to the polysiloxane particles.

Moreover, it will again be emphasized that the product obtained by the prior art method is one having a narrow particle size distribution and that Applicants' Declaration filed June 17, 2008 verifies that this outcome can be expected when the vinyl monomer has been pre-emulsified. Had the vinyl monomer not been pre-emulsified than the skilled artisan would have expected a broad particle size distribution as was observed of the product formed in the comparative example of said declaration.

Applicants' amendment of claim 6 did not serve to alter the scope of the claims in any meaningful way and, thus, the Examiner believes that it is appropriate to make this rejection FINAL.

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This is a continuation of applicant's earlier Application No. 10/549,243. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARC S. ZIMMER whose telephone number is (571)272-1096. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jim Seidleck can be reached on 571-272-1078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

June 25, 2009

/Marc S. Zimmer/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1796